

### Offline QR GaN Flyback Controller

Preliminary Specifications Subject to Change without Notice

### DESCRIPTION

The JW<sup>®</sup>1515H is a controller for offline flyback with GaN, which features quasi-resonant (QR) operation. QR control improves efficiency by reducing switching loss and also benefits EMI performance with nature frequency variation, and an internal frequency limitation to overcome the inherent disadvantages of QR flyback.

The JW1515H combines PWM and PFM control at different input and load condition for highest average efficiency.

The JW1515H comprises a HV pin for startup to eliminate conventional startup resistor and save standby mode energy consumption. It can comply with the most stringent efficiency regulations. Also, the HV pin is used for X-cap discharge when the AC input is removed, which helps to reduce the X-cap discharge loss and achieve extremely low standby power loss.

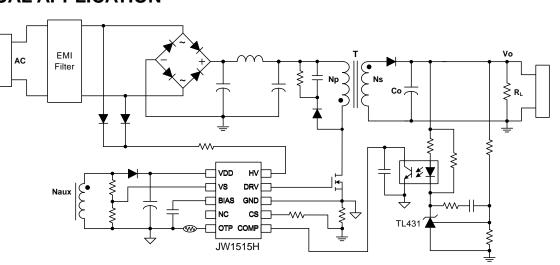
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### FEATURES

- Built-in High-Voltage Startup (700V)
- 6V Drive Voltage for GaN
- X-Capacitor Discharge Function
- Wider VDD Operation Range (up to 90V)
- QR Operation for High Efficiency •
- Maximum 260kHz Switching Frequency lacksquare
- Optional OCP and OPP Function for Different PD and QC Output Application
- Very Low Standby Power Consumption
- Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limit
- Reliable Fault Protections: VDD OVP, VS OVP and UVP, Brown-In and Brown-Out. CS Open Protection, OCP, OPP, Internal OTP, External OTP
- Frequency Jitter to Ease EMI Compliance
- Available in SSOP-10 Package

## APPLICATIONS

- PD and Quick-Charging Chargers
- AC/DC Adapters with Wide Output Range



# TYPICAL APPLICATION

JW1515H Rev.0.13 2021/08/31

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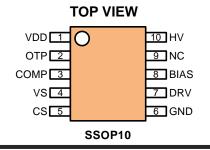
## **ORDER INFORMATION**

DEVICE <sup>1)</sup>	PACKAGE	TOP MARKING <sup>2)</sup>	ENVIRONMENTAL <sup>3)</sup>
JW1515HSSOP#TR	SSOP10	JW1515H YW 🗆 🗆 🗆 🗆	Green
Notes:			

Package Code	lf TR is not shown, it means Tube)
2) Line1: Part No.	Line2:

3) All Joulwatt products are packaged with Pb-free and Halogen-free materials and compliant to RoHS standards.

# **PIN CONFIGURATION**



# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING<sup>1)</sup>**

HV Voltage	
VDD Voltage	100V
OTP, COMP, CS Voltage Range	0.3V to 5V (5V to 5.5V<10us)
DRV, BIAS Voltage Range	0.3V to 6.3V (6.3V to 7V<10us)
VS Voltage Range	0.3V to 5V (-0.7V to -0.3<10us, 5V to 5.5V<10us)
Junction Temperature <sup>2)3)</sup>	150ºC
Storage Temperature	
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10sec.)	
Continuous Power Dissipation (TA = 25 °C) <sup>4)</sup> SSOP1	0960mW

# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

VDD Voltage	8 to 88V
Operating Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> )	40°C to 125°C

# THERMAL PERFORMANCE<sup>5)</sup>

SSOP10	3080°C/W

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#### Note:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device. These stress rating do not imply function operation of the device at any other conditions beyond those indicated under RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS.
- 2) The JW1515H includes thermal protection that is intended to protect the device in overload conditions. Continuous operation over the specified absolute maximum operating junction temperature may damage the device.
- 3) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by PD (MAX) = (TJ (MAX)-TA)/θJA.
- 5) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise s	stated.					
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
High Voltage Section (HV Pin)						
Supply Current from HV Pin	Іну	V <sub>HV</sub> =120V, VDD=0V		3		mA
Leakage Current of HV Pin	I <sub>HV_LK</sub>	V <sub>HV</sub> =500V, VDD=20V		20		uA
Brown-In Threshold	$V_{BR\_IN}$			112		V
Brown-Out Threshold	Vbr_out			98		V
Brown-Out Blanking Time	tbr_out			70		ms
Supply Voltage Section (VDD Pil	n)					
Turn-On Threshold Voltage	$V_{DD_ON}$	VDD Rising		16.5		V
Turn-Off Threshold Voltage	$V_{DD_OFF}$	VDD Falling		7.5		V
Reset Threshold Voltage	$V_{DD_RST}$			4.5		V
Startup Current	IDD_ST	VDD=VDD_ON-0.5 V		80		uA
Operating Supply Current	IDD_OP	VDD=20 V, C <sub>DRV</sub> =1nF, fs=260kHz		2.5		mA
VDD OVP Voltage	Vdd_ovp			90		V
Voltage Sense Section (VS Pin)						
Maximum VS Source Current Capability	Ivs_max			3.5		mA
Output OVP threshold	Vvs_ovp			3		V
Output UVP threshold	Vvs_uvp			0.25		V
Adaptive Blanking time for VS Sampling	t∨s_blk	COMP=0.5V		0.6		us
Output OVP Debounce Cycle		COMP=3.6V		2		us
Counts	Nvs_ovp			3		Cycle
Output UVP Blanking Time	tvs_uvp			120		ms
Auto-Restart Cycles for UVP	NUVP_HIC			4		Cycle
Current Sense Section (CS Pin)						
Max CS Offset Current	Ics_max	VDD=20V, COMP=3.6V		100		uA
Min CS Offset Current	Ics_min	VDD=20V, COMP=0.5V at Burst Mode		25		uA
CS Off Threshold	Vcs_th			20		mV
Leading-Edge Blanking Time	tleb			150		ns
OCP Enable Threshold	Vocp_en			0.65		V
OCP Blanking Time	tocp_blk			120		ms
OCP Internal Threshold	VOCP			0.2		V

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Auto-Restart Cycles for OCP	N <sub>OCP</sub> _HIC		4		Cycle
Frequency Jittering Section					
Frequency Jittering Amplitude to COMP	$\Delta F_{JIT}$		±7%		
Counting Cycles for Jittering	NJIT_CYC		32		Cycle
Drive Section (DRV Pin)					
Gate Output Voltage Low	Vdrv_l			0.5	V
Gate Output Clamping Voltage	Vdrv_clamp	VDD=20V	6		V
Rising Time	tr		50		ns
Falling Time	t <sub>f</sub>		30		ns
Maximum Source Current	I <sub>SRC</sub>		100		mA
Maximum Sink Current	Isink		800		mA
Maximum ON Time	T <sub>ON_MAX</sub>		18		us
Minimum ON Time	Ton_min		180		ns
Maximum Switching Cycle	Ts_max		80		us
Maximum Switching Frequency	f <sub>max</sub>		260		kHz
Minimum Switching Frequency	f <sub>min</sub>		25		kHz
Feedback Section (COMP Pin)					
Open Pin Voltage	VCOMP_MAX	Open Loop	4.0		V
Internal Pull-Up Resistor	R <sub>COMP_UP</sub>		20		kΩ
COMP to CS offset current Gain	G <sub>COMP_CS</sub>	COMP>2.8V (@ QR mode)	20		V/mA
		COMP<1V (@ DPWM mode)	16		V/mA
The Threshold Enter PFM Mode	V <sub>COMP_PFM</sub>		2.8		V
The Threshold Enter Burst Mode	V <sub>BUR_L</sub>		0.5		V
The Threshold Exit Burst Mode	$V_{BUR_H}$		0.6		V
OPP Blanking Time	topp_blk		120		ms
OPP Internal Threshold	Vopp		0.8		V
Auto-Restart Cycles for OPP	NOPP_HIC		4		Cycle
Over Load Protection Threshold	Volp		3.6		V
OLP Blanking Time	tolp_blk		120		ms
Auto-Restart Cycles for OLP	NOLP_HIC		4		Cycle
External Over Temperature Prote	ection(OTP P	in)			
Over Temperature Protection (OTP) Enter Threshold	Votp_in		250		mV
Over Temperature Protection (OTP) Exiting Threshold	Votp_out		500		mV
OTP Pull-Up Current Source	I <sub>OTP</sub>		25		uA

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# **JoulWatt**

Internal Over Temperature Protection						
Thermal Shutdown Threshold	TOTP			140		°C
OTP Hysteresis	T <sub>HYS</sub>			30		٥C

# **PIN DESCRIPTION**

Pin SSOP10	Name	Description		
1	VDD	Bias power input to the controller. A hold-up capacitor to GND is required.		
2	OTP	External temperature sensing pin. An external NTC (negative temperature		
2		coefficient) thermistor to GND is required.		
3	COMP	Feedback input pin for flyback QR controller. Connect to an opto-coupler		
	COM	directly.		
		Voltage sensing input pin. Coupled to the auxiliary winding via a resistor		
4	VS	divider to monitor the output voltage for OVP and UVP protection. This pin		
		also detects the resonant valley for QR operation.		
		Current sensing input pin. This pin sense the primary switch current for peak		
5	CS	current control and OCP. Besides, this pin is used to choose OCP or OPP		
		function at the initial start.		
6	GND	The ground of the IC.		
7	DRV	Gate output pin.		
8	BIAS	Bias power of the driver, an external hold-up capacitor to GND is required		
9	NC			
		High voltage input pin. This pin provides source current to charge VDD. This		
10	ΗV	pin is used for X-cap discharge when the AC input is removed. Besides, this		
		pin also sense input voltage for brown-in and brown-out protection.		

# BLOCK DIAGRAM TBD

# FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The JW1515H is an offline flyback controller with secondary side feedback, which features multi-mode quasi-resonant (QR) operation. The Quasi- Resonant (QR) with a limited frequency variation bounds the frequency band to overcome the inherent limitation of QR switching.

The JW1515H has an inherent frequency jittering mechanism to improve the EMI performance under QR operation.

#### 1. Start-Up

#### 1.1. HV Start-Up

When HV is connected to rectified AC input, the internal JFET turns on and a HV current source starts to charge VDD cap. As soon as VDD reaches turn-on threshold  $V_{DD_ON}$  (16.5V), the internal startup circuit is disabled. The controller is enabled and the converter starts switching. The VDD turn-off threshold ( $V_{DD_OFF}$ ) is 7.5V.

#### 1.2 Soft-Start

In the absence of a detected fault, the controller begins to work normally along with soft start. The internal soft-start time is within 4 ms with the feedback signal  $V_{COMP}$  rising gradually from the minimum level to the maximum level. Every restart up is followed by a soft start.

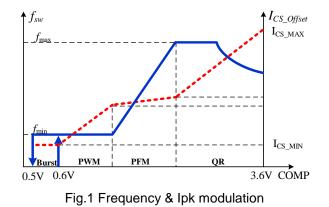
#### 2. Normal Operation

After the controller start-up, it enters normal operation. The JW1515H realizes output adjustment based on the feedback signal transmitting to the primary-side controller by an opto-coupler.

The JW1515H is a multi-mode QR controller

with secondary-side regulation. According to the feedback signal  $V_{COMP}$ , the converter operates in different modes for efficiency optimization. Fig.1 illustrates the frequency and peak current amplitude modulation modes. It can be divided into four operation regions as shown in Fig.1.

Under heavy load condition, the system operates in QR mode, the maximum switching frequency is limited to 260kHz. For medium-load range, the Pulse Frequency Modulation (PFM) is used and primary peak current is nearly fixed to achieve high efficiency. When the load is further reduced, switching frequency is fixed at 25kHz along with primary peak current varying from 50% to 25% of its maximum value. When the system is working under very light load condition, the control mode of IC changes to burst mode. When the voltage of COMP pin drops below  $V_{BUR L}$  (0.5V), the drive stops. The drive will resume when the voltage of COMP pin rises back to  $V_{BUR H}$  (0.6V). Otherwise the gate driver remains at off state to minimize switching loss and reduce standby power consumption. Transitions between modes are automatically accomplished by the controller depending on the feedback signal, VCOMP.



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#### 3. Other Functions and Features

#### **3.1 Frequency Jittering**

To achieve good EMI performance, frequency jittering method is integrated in the JW1515H. The frequency jittering is achieved by varying the switching frequency directly. The variation is  $\pm$ 7% around its normal value. The modulation cycle is determined by counting consecutive 32 switching cycles.

#### 3.2 Lead Edge Blanking (LEB)

In order to avoid the premature termination of the switching pulse due to the parasitic capacitance, an internal leading-edge blanking (LEB) is used between the CS pin and the current comparator input. The current comparator is disabled and can't turn off the external MOSFET during the blanking time. The normal LEB time is around 150ns. Fig.2 shows the leading edge blanking time.

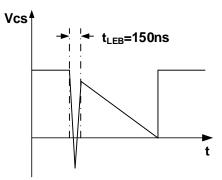


Fig.2 LEB blanking

#### 3.3 CCM Preventing

For the JW1515H, when the primary-side peak current exceeds the value decided by the feedback signal  $V_{COMP}$ , the switch turns off. When the controller detects ZCD signal and the switch period exceeds frequency-limit signal, the switch turns on. But the ZCD signal may not be detected during start-up moment because of low output voltage, then the switch will turn on

after 80us to make sure the system operates in DCM.

#### 3.4 HV Discharge Function

Safety standards such as UL62368 require that any X-capacitors in EMI filters on the AC side of the bridge rectifier quickly discharge to a safe level when AC is disconnected. The standards require that the voltage across the X-cap decay with a maximum time constant of 2s. Typically, this requirement is achieved by including a resistive discharge element in parallel with the X-cap. However, this resistance causes a continuous power dissipation that impacts the standby power performance.

In order to reduce standby power and eliminate associated the standing loss with the conventional discharge resistors, the JW1515H incorporates X-cap discharge circuit. This circuit periodically monitors the voltage across the X-cap to detect any possibility that AC source disconnection has occurred. and then discharges the voltage across the X-cap using the internal HV current source. The HV discharge function discharges the X-cap to the safety-voltage level in 2s. Fig.3 shows the X-cap discharge timing diagram.

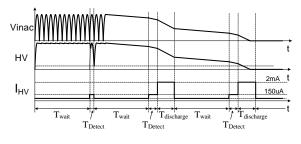
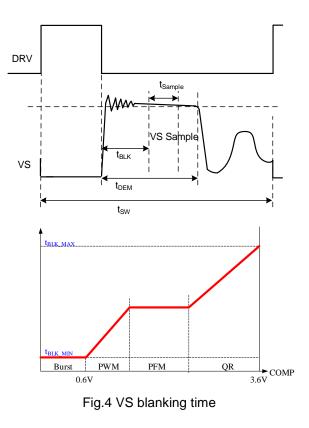


Fig.3 X-cap Discharge

#### 3.5 VS Blanking Time

VS spikes are affected by the amplitudes of lpk and inductance, so VS blanking time should be set to vary with lpk. Ensure that the secondary side conduction time is greater than the VS Blanking Time.



#### 4. Protection

#### 4.1 CS Pin Open Protection

When CS pin is open, the internal bias current will flow to the parasitic capacitance on the CS pin, increasing the  $V_{CS}$ . If  $V_{CS}$  is above 2V, a CS pin open fault is triggered.

#### 4.2 Input Brown in / Brown out

The JW1515H senses HV voltage to realize brown in/out function. When HV voltage is higher than  $V_{BR_IN}$  (112V typically), a 5mA pull down current will be applied to VDD pin to make VDD hit  $V_{DD_OFF}$ . When VDD reaches  $V_{DD_ON}$ again, the controller starts switching. And the controller is disabled when HV voltage is lower than  $V_{BR_OUT}$  (98V typically) for brown-out blanking time (70ms typically). The blanking time is set long enough to ignore a two cycle drop out. The timer starts counting once HV voltage drops below  $V_{BR_OUT}$ .

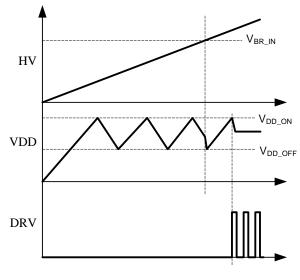


Fig.5 HV Brown-In

#### 4.3 Output OVP (VS OVP)

The output over voltage protection is determined by the voltage feedback on the VS pin. If the voltage sample on VS exceeds 3V for three consecutive switching cycles, an VS\_OVP fault is asserted, and then the device shuts down, the UVLO reset and re-start fault cycle begins.

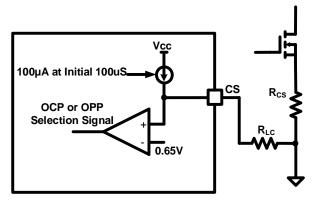
#### 4.4 VS UVP

If the voltage sample on VS pin continues below the under-voltage protection threshold (0.25V) more than 120ms, a VS\_UVP fault is asserted. When a VS\_UVP fault is asserted, the device shuts down and the UVLO resets. In order to reduce the power consumption of the circuit, VDD needs to hit  $V_{DD_OFF}$  four times, and then the device restarts at the fifth cycle.

#### 4.5 OCP or OPP Selection Circuit

In some PD or QC applications, the maximum output current at different output voltage differs

much. So OCP should be disabled, and the alternative OPP is enabled. The JW1515H senses CS voltage at initial start to determine whether to use OCP or OPP function as Fig.6 shows. At the initial 100us, a 100uA current is applied to CS pin. If CS voltage exceeds a preset enable threshold (typical 0.65V), OPP is enabled and OCP is disabled. Otherwise, OCP is enabled and OPP is disabled.





#### 4.6 OCP

If OCP is enabled, the JW1515H compares estimated output average current and OCP threshold. The output average current is calculated at the primary side. When the primary switch turns off, the peak inductor current ( $I_{pk}$ ) is sampled and hold for output current calculation.

As shown in Fig.7, it calculates output current based on secondary side current conduction time  $t_{ons}$  and primary side current information V<sub>cs</sub>. If the calculated output current signal,  $I_{o_est}$  is higher than the internal OCP threshold V<sub>OCP</sub> (0.2V typically) for 120ms (OCP blanking time), the JW1515H enters OCP protection.

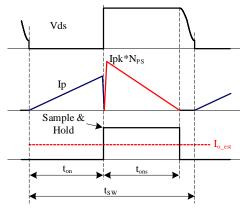


Fig.7 Output current estimation

So the OCP point can be set as:

$$I_o = \frac{V_{ocp} \cdot N_P}{2 \cdot R_{CS} \cdot N_S} \tag{1}$$

wherein,  $N_P$  is the turns number of primary winding,  $N_S$  is the turns number of secondary winding,  $R_{cs}$  is the current sensing resistance.

When an OCP fault is asserted, the device shuts down and the UVLO resets. In order to reduce the power consumption of the circuit, VDD needs to hit  $V_{DD_OFF}$  four times, and then the device restarts at the fifth cycle.

#### 4.7 OPP

If OPP is enabled, the JW1515H compares estimated output power and OPP threshold. The output power is calculated at the primary side based on the estimated output average current in OCP and the output voltage according to the VS voltage. So the output power can be expressed as:

$$P_{out} = I_o \cdot V_o = \frac{V_{CS\_PEAK} \cdot D_S \cdot N_P}{2 \cdot R_{CS} \cdot N_S} \cdot \frac{VS \cdot N_S}{N_{aux}} \cdot \frac{R_{UP} + R_{DOWN}}{R_{DOWN}}$$
(2)

And the OPP point can be set as:

$$P_{out} = \frac{V_{OPP} \cdot N_P}{2 \cdot R_{CS} \cdot N_{aux}} \cdot \frac{R_{UP} + R_{DOWN}}{R_{DOWN}}$$
(3)

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wherein,  $N_{aux}$  is the turns number of auxiliary winding,  $N_P$  is the turns number of primary winding.

If the calculated output power signal is higher than the internal OPP threshold  $V_{OPP}$  (0.8V typically) for 120ms (OPP blanking timer), the JW1515H enters OPP protection. When an OPP fault is asserted, the device shuts down and the UVLO resets. In order to reduce the power consumption of the circuit, VDD needs to hit  $V_{DD_OFF}$  four times, and then the device restarts at the fifth cycle.

#### 4.8 Over Load Protection

If the voltage on COMP pin continues exceeds the over-load protection threshold more than 120ms, an OLP fault is asserted. The device shuts down, then the UVLO reset and re-start fault cycle begins.

#### 4.9 VDD OVP

If the voltage on VDD pin continues exceeds the over-voltage protection threshold (90V typically) more than 100us, a VDD OVP fault is asserted. The device shuts down, then the UVLO reset and re-start fault cycle begins.

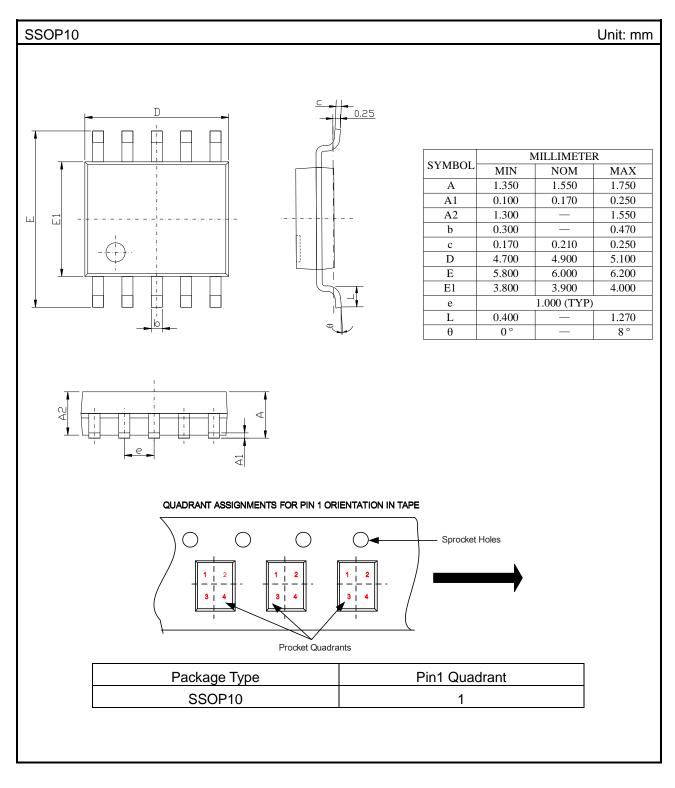
#### 4.10 External OTP

An external NTC resistor ( $R_{NTC}$ ) is coupled to the OTP pin to program a thermal shutdown temperature. The OTP shutdown threshold ( $V_{OTP_IN}$ ) of 0.25 V with an internal 25uA current source flowing through  $R_{NTC}$  results in a 10k $\Omega$ thermistor shutdown threshold. Once the thermistor is lower than 10k $\Omega$ , an OTP fault triggered, and the 0.25V threshold is increased to 0.5V. The OTP resistance has to increase above 20k $\Omega$  to leave OTP. If user needs to disable this function, a 30k $\Omega$  resistor can be used to ensure that the OTP can not be triggered.

#### 4.11 Internal OTP

The internal over temperature protection threshold is 140°C. If the junction temperature of the device reaches this threshold, the device shuts down. When the junction temperature falls below 110°C, the device initiates the UVLO reset and re-start fault cycle.

# PACKAGE OUTLINE



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