

# JW4056/JW4056A

## 1A/18V Linear Charger for

## Single Cell Li-Ion Battery with Thermal Regulation

Preliminary Specifications Subject to Change without Notice

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The JW®4056 and JW4056A are complete constant-current/ constant-voltage Li-lon and Li-Polymer linear chargers targeted at spaced-limited portable applications. Furthermore, the JW4056 and JW4056A are specifically designed to work within USB power specifications.

No external sense resistor is needed, and no blocking diode is required due to the internal MOSFET architecture. Thermal feedback regulates the charge current to limit the die temperature during high power operation or high ambient temperature. The charge voltage is fixed at 4.2V (JW4056) or 4.35V (JW4056A), and the charge current can be programmable externally. The device terminates the charge cycle when the charge current drops to 1/10 of the presetting value after the final float voltage is reached.

When the input supply is removed, the JW4056/JW4056A enters a low current state, dropping the battery drain current to less than 1µA. The JW4056/JW4056A can be put into shutdown mode, reducing the supply current to 75µA during adaptor is present. The other features of JW4056/JW4056A include external battery temperature monitor, two open-drain outputs indicator, and automatic recharge function.

The JW4056/JW4056A guarantees robustness with input and battery reverse connection protection, input over voltage protection, thermal shutdown and under voltage lockout.

Company's Logo is Protected, "JW" and "JOULWATT" are Registered

#### **FEATURES**

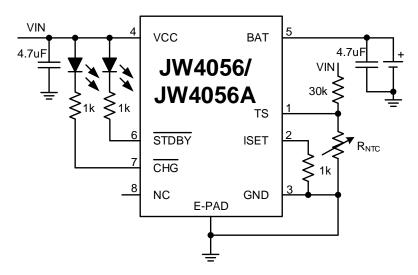
- 18-V Input Rating
- Programmable Charge Current Up to 1A
- Charging Management (Trickle Charge/ Constant Current Charge/ Constant Voltage Charge/ Charge Termination/Auto Recharge)
- 4.2V(JW4056) / 4.35V(JW4056A) Charge Termination Voltage with ±1% Accuracy
- 2.9V Trickle Charge Threshold
- 1/10 I<sub>CHG</sub> Charge Termination
- Soft-Start Limits Inrush Current
- Operation Over JEITA Range via Battery NTC
   1/2 Fast-Charge Current at Cold, 4.1V at Hot
- Input and Battery Reverse Polarity Protection, Input Over Voltage Protection, Input Under Voltage Lockout, Thermal Shutdown
- Charge Status Indicators
- Available in ESOP8 Package

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Portable Media Players, Digital Cameras
- Bluetooth Applications
- Toys
- Li-lon/ Li-Polymer Battery Powered Devices

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# **TYPICAL APPLICATION**



Typical application circuit

### ORDER INFORMATION

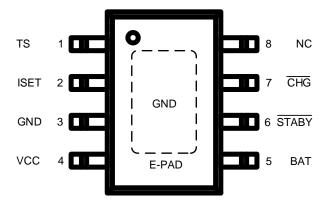
| DEVICE <sup>1)</sup>   | PACKAGE | TOP MARKING <sup>2)</sup> |
|------------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| IVAACE CE COD#TDDDE    | ECOD9   | JW4056                    |
| JW4056ESOP#TRPBF       | ESOP8   | YW□□□□                    |
| IVA/AOE CA E COD#TDDDE | ECOD9   | JW4056A                   |
| JW4056AESOP#TRPBF      | ESOP8   | YW□□□□                    |

#### Notes:



# **PIN CONFIGURATION**

#### **TOP VIEW**



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING1)

| VCC  | 5.5V to 18V    |
|--|----------------|
| VCC-BAT  | 8.5V to 18V    |
| BAT  |                |
| TS   | 5.5V to 18V    |
| STDBY, CHG                                       |                |
| ISET, NC   | 0.3V to 6.5V   |
| Junction Temperature <sup>2)</sup>               | 150°C          |
| Lead Temperature                                 | 260°C          |
| Storage Temperature                              | 65°C to +150°C |
| Human Body Model (HBM)                           | ±2kV           |
| Charged-Device Model (CDM)                       | ±1kV           |
| RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS <sup>3)</sup>   |                |
| VCC  | 4.3V to 7.5V   |
| Operation Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> ) | 40°C to +125°C |

# THERMAL PERFORMANCE<sup>5)</sup>

 $\theta_{JA}$   $\theta_{JC}$ 

ESOP8......50...10°C/W

#### Note:

. ...

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device. These stress ratings do not imply function operation of the device at any other conditions beyond those indicated under RECOMMEND OPERATION CONDITIONS.
- 2) The JW4056/JW4056A includes thermal protection that is intended to protect the device in overload conditions. Continuous operation over the specified absolute maximum operating junction temperature may damage the device.
- 3) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by  $P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ .
- 5) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

| $V_{CC}$ =5 $V$ , $T_A$ =25 $C$ , unless otherwise stated     |                      |   |       |      |       |       |
|---|----------------------|---|-------|------|-------|-------|
| Item  | Symbol               | Condition   | Min.  | Тур. | Max.  | Units |
| INPUT   |                      |   |       |      |       |       |
| Input operation voltage range                                 | Vcc                  |   | 4.3   | 5    | 7.5   | V     |
| Input under-voltage lock-out threshold                        | Vuv                  | Vcc rising, Vcc>Vbat+ Vasd  | 3.9   | 4.0  | 4.1   | V     |
| Input under-voltage lock-out hysteresis                       | Vuv_HYS              | Vcc falling, Vcc>VBAT+ VASD   | 70    | 120  | 170   | mV    |
| V <sub>CC</sub> -V <sub>BAT</sub> lock-out threshold          | V <sub>ASD</sub>     | V <sub>CC</sub> rising  | 70    | 100  | 140   | mV    |
| VCC-VBAT IOCK-OUT THESHOID                                    |                      | Vcc falling   | 10    | 45   | 75    | mV    |
| Input over-voltage protection threshold                       | Vovp                 | Vcc rising  | 7.3   | 7.5  | 7.7   | V     |
| Hysteresis on input OVP                                       | Vovp_hys             | Vcc falling   | 100   | 150  | 210   | mV    |
| Input OVP deglitch time <sup>6)</sup>                         | t <sub>OVP_DEG</sub> |   |       | 50   |       | μs    |
| Input OVP recovery time <sup>6)</sup>                         | tovp_rec             |   |       | 400  |       | μs    |
| Input pull-down resistance <sup>6)</sup>                      | R <sub>PD</sub>      |   |       | 100  |       | kΩ    |
| QUIESCENT CURRENT   |                      |   |       |      |       |       |
|   | lo_vcc               | I <sub>VCC</sub> -I <sub>BAT</sub> , charge mode  |       | 1.12 | 1.6   | mA    |
|   |                      | Charge terminated   |       | 120  | 220   | μΑ    |
| Quiescent V <sub>CC</sub> supply current                      |                      | RISET disconnected; Or Vcc <vbat+vasd; or="" td="" vcc<vuv<=""><td></td><td>75</td><td>160</td><td>μΑ</td></vbat+vasd;> |       | 75   | 160   | μΑ    |
|   | Іо_ват               | Charge terminated   |       | 2.5  | 6     | μΑ    |
| Quiescent BAT supply current                                  |                      | RISET disconnected; Or Vcc <vbat+vasd; or="" td="" vcc<vuv<=""><td></td><td>±1</td><td>±2</td><td>μΑ</td></vbat+vasd;>  |       | ±1   | ±2    | μΑ    |
| BATTERY CHARGER   |                      |   |       |      |       |       |
|   | VFLOAT               | JW4056, 0℃≤T <sub>A</sub> ≤85℃,<br>TS normal temperature.   | 4.158 | 4.2  | 4.242 | V     |
| Battery regulation voltage                                    |                      | JW4056A, 0°C≤T <sub>A</sub> ≤85°C,<br>TS normal temperature.  | 4.306 | 4.35 | 4.394 | V     |
|   |                      | TS hot temperature,<br>JW4056, JW4056A  | 4.02  | 4.06 | 4.10  | V     |
| Soft-start time <sup>6)</sup>                                 | tss                  | I <sub>BAT</sub> =0 to I <sub>CHG</sub>   |       | 25   |       | ms    |
| Power FET "ON" resistance (between VCC and BAT) <sup>6)</sup> | Ron                  |   |       | 700  |       | mΩ    |

| L pin voltage on CC charge phase  |                        | R <sub>ISET</sub> =1kΩ~10kΩ, TS normal temperature                 | 0.9                                   | 1.0  | 1.1   | V                      |
|---|------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|------|-------|------------------------|
| I <sub>SET</sub> pin voltage on CC charge phase                             | V <sub>ISET_CC</sub>   | $R_{\text{ISET}}$ =1k $\Omega$ ~10k $\Omega$ , TS cold temperature | 0.475                                 | 0.5  | 0.525 | V                      |
| I <sub>SET</sub> pin voltage on trickle charge phase                        | V <sub>ISET_TRIK</sub> | $R_{ISET}$ =1k $\Omega$ ~10k $\Omega$ , trickle charge             | 0.08                                  | 0.1  | 0.12  | V                      |
| Constant current factor   | Kcc                    |  | 900                                   | 1000 | 1100  | ΑΩ                     |
| Trickle current factor  | K <sub>TRIK</sub>      |  | 40                                    | 80   | 120   | ΑΩ                     |
| Charge current in CC charge phase   | Існв                   | Vcc>Vuv, Vcc>Vbat+Vasd,<br>Vbat>Vtrik, not DPM                     | K <sub>CC</sub> / R <sub>ISET</sub>   |      | А     |                        |
| Charge current in trickle charge phase                                      | I <sub>TRIK</sub>      |  | K <sub>TRIK</sub> / R <sub>ISET</sub> |      | Α     |                        |
| Trickle charge threshold voltage  | V <sub>TRIK</sub>      | V <sub>BAT</sub> rising  | 2.8                                   | 2.9  | 3.0   | V                      |
| Trickle charge hysteresis voltage   | VTRIK_HYS              |  | 150                                   | 250  | 350   | mV                     |
| Deglitch time on charge phase switch  |                        | Trickle to CC charge   |                                       | 25   |       | ms                     |
| between trickle mode and CC mode <sup>6)</sup>                              | ttc_deg                | CC to trickle charge   |                                       | 25   |       | ms                     |
| Termination comparator detection threshold                                  | I <sub>TERM</sub>      |  | 0.7                                   | 0.11 | 0.145 | ×I <sub>CHG</sub>      |
| Termination detected deglitch time <sup>6)</sup>                            | t <sub>TERM</sub>      |  |                                       | 50   |       | ms                     |
| Recharge detection threshold  | $\Delta V_{RCHG}$      | VBAT falling, VFLOAT-VRCHG   | 50                                    | 100  | 150   | mV                     |
| Recharge detected deglitch time <sup>6)</sup>                               | <b>t</b> RCHG          |  |                                       | 50   |       | ms                     |
| VINDPM AND THERMAL REGULATION   |                        |  |                                       |      |       |                        |
| Input voltage threshold when charge current is reduced                      | VIN_DPM                |  | 4.15                                  | 4.3  | 4.45  | V                      |
| Junction temperature threshold when charge current is reduced <sup>6)</sup> | T <sub>J_DPM</sub>     |  |                                       | 125  |       | $^{\circ}$ C           |
| Thermal shut down threshold <sup>6)</sup>                                   | T <sub>J_SD</sub>      | T <sub>J</sub> rising  |                                       | 155  |       | $^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$ |
| Thermal shut down hysteresis <sup>6)</sup>                                  | T <sub>J_SDHYS</sub>   |  |                                       | 20   |       | $^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$ |
| ISET  |                        |  |                                       |      |       |                        |
| ISET pin pull-up current <sup>6)</sup>                                      | I <sub>ISET</sub>      |  |                                       | 2    |       | μΑ                     |
| Manual shutdown threshold voltage   | $V_{MSD}$              | ISET pin rising  | 1.45                                  | 1.5  | 1.55  | V                      |
| manual shutuown tilleshuu voltage   |                        | ISET pin falling   | 1.15                                  | 1.2  | 1.25  | V                      |
| Maximum charge current  | I <sub>CHG_MAX</sub>   | ISET connected to GND  | 1.15                                  | 1.3  | 1.45  | Α                      |
| INDICATORS  |                        |  |                                       |      |       |                        |

| Output LOW voltage on STDBY pin <sup>6)</sup>            | V <sub>STDBY</sub>                                     | I <sub>STDBY</sub> = 5mA, sink current                       |       |       | 0.6   | <b>V</b>         |  |
|--|--|--|-------|-------|-------|------------------|--|
| Output LOW voltage on CHG pin <sup>6)</sup>              | V <sub>CHG</sub>                                       | I <sub>CHG</sub> = 5mA, sink current                         |       |       | 0.6   | ٧                |  |
| BATTERY-PACK NTC MONITOR (JEITA                          | BATTERY-PACK NTC MONITOR (JEITA Thermistor Comparator) |  |       |       |       |                  |  |
| 0°C threshold  | V <sub>TS_0</sub>                                      | TS rising  | 46.62 | 47.62 | 48.62 | %Vcc             |  |
| 10°C threshold   | V <sub>TS_10</sub>                                     | TS rising  | 36.45 | 37.45 | 38.45 | %Vcc             |  |
| 45℃ threshold  | V <sub>TS_45</sub>                                     | Falling  | 13.07 | 14.07 | 15.07 | %Vcc             |  |
| 60°C threshold   | V <sub>TS_60</sub>                                     | Falling  | 8.14  | 9.14  | 10.14 | %V <sub>CC</sub> |  |
| Disable NTC monitor function threshold                   | V <sub>TS_DIS</sub>                                    |  | 3     | 4     | 5     | %V <sub>CC</sub> |  |
| Deglitch time on thermistor comparator output transition | t <sub>TS_DEG</sub>                                    |  |       | 25    |       | ms               |  |
| VCC, BAT REVERSE LEAKAGE                                 |  |  |       |       |       |                  |  |
| VCC reverse leakage                                      | Ivcc_r   | V <sub>CC</sub> = -5V, V <sub>BAT</sub> = V <sub>FLOAT</sub> |       |       | 10    | mA               |  |
| BAT reverse leakage                                      | I <sub>BAT_R</sub>                                     | VCC=5V, V <sub>BAT</sub> = -V <sub>FLOAT</sub>               |       |       | 5     | mA               |  |

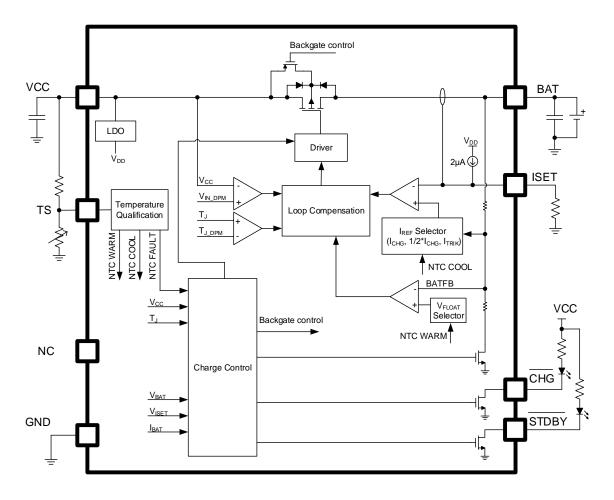
#### Notes:

6) Guaranteed by design.

## **PIN DESCRIPTION**

| Pin No. | Name        | Description  |  |  |  |  |
|---------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1       | TS          | External NTC thermistor input. Program temperature window with a resistor divider  |  |  |  |  |
| 1       | 15          | from VCC to TS to GND. It is recommended to use a 103AT thermistor.  |  |  |  |  |
|         |             | ISET pin sets the charge current of constant-current phase by regulating the ISET  |  |  |  |  |
| 2       | ISET        | voltage at 1V or 0.5V (at cool temperature). A resistor is connected from ISET pin to  |  |  |  |  |
| 2       | ISET        | ground to set the constant-current as $I_{\text{CHG}}\text{=}1000\text{A}\Omega/R_{\text{ISET}}.$ In trickle charge phase, t |  |  |  |  |
|         |             | ISET voltage is regulating at 0.1V and set the trickle-current as $I_{TRIK}$ =100A $\Omega$ / $R_{ISET}$ .                   |  |  |  |  |
| 3       | GND         | Ground. Connect to the thermal pad and to the ground rail of the circuit.  |  |  |  |  |
| 4       | VCC         | Input power connection. This pin provides power to the charger. Connect bypass   |  |  |  |  |
| 4       | VCC         | ceramic capacitor 1µF to 10µF to ground.   |  |  |  |  |
|         |             | Charge current output. Provides charge current to the battery and regulates the final  |  |  |  |  |
| 5       | BAT         | float voltage to 4.2V or 4.35V. Bypass BAT to GND with a 4.7µF to 47µF ceramic   |  |  |  |  |
|         |             | capacitor.   |  |  |  |  |
| 6       | OTA DV      | Open-drain charge finished status indication output. STABY pulls to LOW only when  |  |  |  |  |
| 0       | STABY       | the charging is complete. Otherwise, STABY is high impedance.  |  |  |  |  |
| 7       | <u></u>     | Open-drain charges status indication output. When the battery is charging, the $\overline{\text{CHG}}$                       |  |  |  |  |
| ,       | CHG         | pulled low by an internal N-channel MOSFET. In other status, $\overline{\text{CHG}}$ is high impedance.                      |  |  |  |  |
| 8       | NC          | Do not make a connection to this terminal (for internal use) – Do not route through this                                     |  |  |  |  |
| 0       | INC         | terminal.  |  |  |  |  |
|         | Thermal Pad | Exposed pad. The exposed package pad is ground and must be soldered to the PCB   |  |  |  |  |
| -       | memiai Pad  | for maximum heat transfer.   |  |  |  |  |

# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



#### FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The JW4056 and JW4056A are complete constant-current/ constant-voltage linear chargers for single cell Li-Ion/ Li-Polymer batteries. The device can deliver up to 1A charge current (using a good thermal PCB layout) with a final voltage accuracy of ±1%. No blocking diode or external current sense resistor is required. The input power source for charging the battery can be an AC adapter or a USB port. When charging from a USB port, the input dynamic power management (V<sub>IN</sub>-DPM) circuit reduced the input current if the input voltage falls below a threshold, thus preventing the USB port from crashing. An internal thermal limit reduces the charge current if the die temperature attempts to rise above a preset value of approximately 125°C. This feature protects the JW4056/JW4056A from excessive temperature, and allows the user to take full advantage of the power handling capability at a given circuit board without risk of damaging the JW4056/JW4056A or external components.

#### **Normal Charge Cycle**

The JW4056/JW4056A powers internal bias circuits from VCC. When VCC rises above UVLO threshold, the device wakes up from sleep mode, the VCC comparator, TS comparator, ISET comparator and junction temperature comparator are active.

JW4056/JW4056A enables the power MOSFET and starts a charge cycle when all the below conditions are valid:

- Vcc above Vuv
- V<sub>CC</sub> above V<sub>BAT</sub>+V<sub>ASD</sub>
- V<sub>CC</sub> below V<sub>OVP</sub>
- T<sub>J</sub> below T<sub>J</sub> <sub>SD</sub>
- $V_{TS} \circ V_{TS} < V_{TS} \circ 0$  or  $V_{TS} < V_{TS} \circ 0$
- V<sub>ISET</sub><V<sub>MSD</sub>

If any one of the above conditions is not valid, the device keeps the power MOSFET off, and draws less than typical 75µA from VCC, draws less than typical 1µA from battery.

The device charges the battery in three phases: trickle charging, constant current charging and constant voltage charging. At the beginning of a charging cycle, the device checks the battery voltage and regulates current and voltage accordingly. If the voltage at the BAT pin is less than V<sub>TRIK</sub>, the charger enters trickle charging phase, the charge current is reduced to nearly 1/10 of the presetting value. The charger switches to constant current charging phase as the BAT pin voltage rises above V<sub>TRIK</sub>, the charge current is thus resumed to full presetting value. When the final float voltage is reached, the device enters constant voltage charging phase and charge current begins to decrease until it drops to 1/10 of the presetting value and ends the charge cycle.

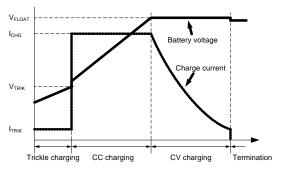


Figure 1. Battery Charging Profile

## **Programming Charge Current**

The charge current is programmable using a single resistor from the ISET pin to ground. The battery charge current is 1000 times the current out of the ISET pin. The program resistor and the charge current are calculated using the following equations:

 $R_{\text{ISET}}$ =1000V /  $I_{\text{CHG}}$ ,  $I_{\text{CHG}}$ = 1000V /  $R_{\text{ISET}}$ 

The ISET pin voltage is regulated at 1V in constant current charging and 0.1V in trickle charging. The charge current can be determined at any time by monitoring the ISET pin voltage using the following equation:

 $I_{BAT}=1000 \times V_{ISET} / R_{ISET}$ 

## **Charge Termination and Recharge**

JW4056/JW4056A terminates a charge cycle when the battery voltage is above the recharge threshold  $V_{RCHG}$ , and the current is below termination current  $I_{TERM}$  for longer than  $t_{TERM}$ . The termination current is 1/10  $I_{CHG}$ .

After charge termination, JW4056/JW4056A constantly monitors the BAT pin voltage. If the voltage drops below the recharge threshold V<sub>RCHG</sub> longer than t<sub>RCHG</sub>, another charge cycle automatic begins and current is once again supplied to the battery. To manually restart a charge cycle after charge termination, the input voltage must be removed and reapplied, or the charge current program resistor R<sub>ISET</sub> must be disconnected and reconnected.

#### **Input Dynamic Power Management**

To meet maximum current in USB spec and avoid over loading the adapter. JW4056/JW4056A features input dynamic power management which continuously monitors the input voltage when charging. When input source is over-loaded, the input voltage falls below the input voltage limit (V<sub>IN DPM</sub>). The device then reduces the charge current until the input voltage rises above the input voltage limit.

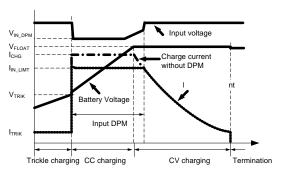


Figure 2. Battery Charging Profile with Input DPM

#### **Thermal Limiting**

An internal thermal feedback loop reduces the charge current if the die temperature attempts to rise above a preset value of approximately 125  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ , hence prevents the temperature from further increase and ensure device safe operation.

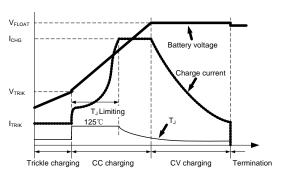


Figure 3. Battery Charging Profile with TJ Limiting

## **Under-Voltage Lockout**

Build-in under-voltage lockout circuit monitors the input voltage and keeps the charger in shutdown mode until VCC rises above the under-voltage lockout threshold. The UVLO circuit has a built-in hysteresis of 150mV. Furthermore, to protect against reverse current in the power MOSFET, the UVLO circuit keeps the charger in shutdown mode if VCC falls below the  $V_{BAT}$ +30mV. If the UVLO comparator is tripped, the charger will not come out of shutdown mode until VCC rises 100mV above the battery voltage.

#### Input Over-voltage

If VCC voltage exceeds  $V_{\text{OVP}}$  longer than  $t_{\text{OVP\_DEG}}$ , the power MOSFET turns off. During input over-voltage event,  $\overline{\text{CHG}}$  and  $\overline{\text{STDBY}}$  are forced high impedance. The device will automatically resume normal operation when VCC falls 150mV below over-voltage threshold longer than  $t_{\text{OVP\_REC}}$ .

#### **Manual Shutdown**

At any point in the charge cycle, the JW4056/JW4056A can enter shutdown mode by removing  $R_{\rm ISET}$  and floating the ISET pin. In shutdown mode, the battery current is less than 1 $\mu$ A and the VCC current is less than 75 $\mu$ A. A new charge cycle can be initiated by reconnecting the  $R_{\rm ISET}$  resistor.

In manual shutdown mode, the ISET pin is in high impedance state. A true open-drain or open-collector structure should be used to disconnect the  $R_{\text{ISET}}$ , and no external capacitor is allowed to connect to this pin.

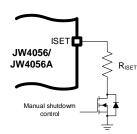


Figure 4. Manual Shutdown Mode Application

#### **Thermistor Qualification**

The JEITA guideline emphasized the importance of avoiding a high charge current and high charge voltage at certain low and high temperature ranges.

JW4056/JW4056A provides a single thermistor input TS pin for battery temperature monitor. To initiate a charge cycle, the voltage on TS pin must be within the  $V_{TS_0}$  to  $V_{TS_60}$  thresholds. If TS voltage exceeds the  $V_{TS_0}$ - $V_{TS_60}$  range, the

device suspends charge by turning off the power MOSFET. Charge is resumed when the temperature returns to the  $V_{TS_0}-V_{TS_0}$  range.

The TS function for JW4056/JW4056A is designed to follow the JEITA temperature standard for Li-lon and Li-Polymer batteries. At cool temperature (V<sub>TS\_0</sub>-V<sub>TS\_10</sub>), the ISET pin voltage is regulated at 0.5V, the charge current is reduced to half of the presetting charge current. At warm temperature (V<sub>TS\_45</sub>-V<sub>TS\_60</sub>), the battery charge voltage is reduced to 4.1V, and charge termination is temporarily disabled.

The external resistors  $R_{T1}$  and  $R_{T2}$  enable selecting a temperature window. If  $R_{TC}$  and  $R_{TH}$  are the thermistor impedances for the Cold (0°C) and Hot (60°C) thresholds, the values for  $R_{T1}$  and  $R_{T2}$  can be calculated as follows, for a NTC thermistor.

$$R_{T1} = \frac{R_{TC}R_{TH}(K_2 - K_1)}{K_1K_2(R_{TC} - R_{TH})}$$

$$R_{T2} = \frac{R_{TC}R_{TH}(K_2 - K_1)}{R_{TC}(K_1 - K_1K_2) - R_{TH}(K_2 - K_1K_2)}$$

Where, K<sub>1</sub>=0.45, K<sub>2</sub>=0.8.

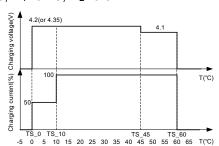
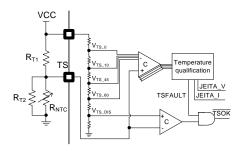


Figure 5. JEITA Profile



**Figure 6. Battery Temperature Qualification** 

The temperature sensing feature can be disabled by connecting TS pin to ground to keep TS pin voltage below  $V_{TS\ DIS}$ .

## **Charge Current Soft-Start**

The JW4056/JW4056A includes a soft-start circuit to minimize the inrush current. When a charge cycle is initialed or charge phase transfers from trickle charging to constant current charging, the charge current ramps from zero to the full-scale current over a period of approximately 25ms.

#### **Charge Status Indicators**

The JW4056/JW4056A has two open-drain charge status indication output pins. STDBY is pulled LOW only when the charging is complete. Otherwise, STDBY is high impedance. CHG is battery in charging indicator, it is pulled LOW when battery in charging and output high impedance when charge finished or charge disabled.

| Charge Status   | CHG    | STDBY  |
|---|--------|--------|
| In charging   | Low    | High Z |
| Charge finished                                       | High Z | Low    |
| • Vcc <vuv< td=""><td></td><td></td></vuv<>           |        |        |
| Vcc <vbat+vasd< td=""><td></td><td></td></vbat+vasd<> |        |        |
| VCC OVP   |        |        |
| TS voltage out of range                               |        |        |
| VISET> VMSD   | High Z | High Z |
| VCC reverse connection                                |        |        |
| Battery reverse                                       |        |        |
| connection  |        |        |
| Junction OTP  |        |        |

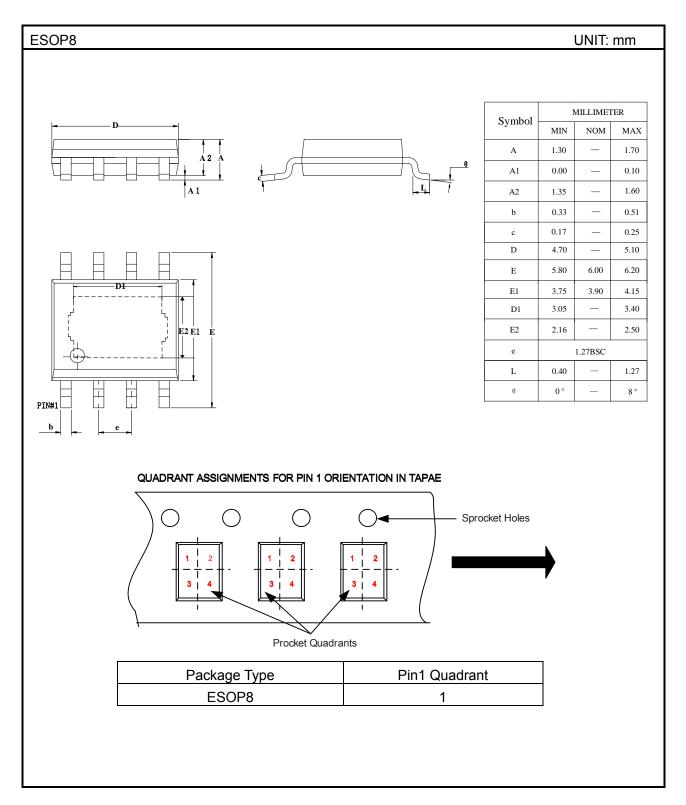
### **VCC Reverse Polarity Protection**

JW4056/JW4056A provides reverse polarity input voltage protection. The device keeps in shutdown mode when input voltage polarity is reversed, and two open-drain indication pins are high impedance. The reverse leakage current is below 10mA. When battery is connected, the reverse input voltage should not exceed 5.5V. Exceeding this rating may damage the device.

## **Battery Reverse Polarity Protection**

JW4056/JW4056A provides reverse polarity battery voltage protection. The device keeps in shutdown mode when battery voltage polarity is reversed, and two open-drain indication pins are high impedance. The reverse leakage current is below 5mA. The device will automatically resume normal operation when battery is connected correctly.

## **PACKAGE OUTLINE**



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